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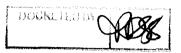


BEFORE THE ARIZONA CORPORATION COMMISSIO

RECEIVED **COMMISSIONERS** 2 KRISTIN K. MAYES, Chairman NOV 18 P 4: 39 3 **GARY PIERCE** 4 PAUL NEWMAN COMP COMMISSION SANDRA D. KENNEDY DOCKET CONTROL 5 **BOB STUMP** 6 IN THE MATTER OF ARIZONA PUBLIC 7 SERVICE COMPANY'S REQUEST FOR 8 APPROVAL OF SCHOOLS AND

Arizona Corporation Commission DOCKETED

NOV 1 8 2010



GOVERNMENT RENEWABLE ENERGY PROGRAM

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11 IN THE MATTER OF THE APPLICATION OF ARIZONA PUBLIC SERVICE

12 COMPANY FOR APPROVAL OF ITS 2011

13 RENEWABLE ENERGY STANDARD

IMPLEMENTATION PLAN AND
14 DISTRIBUTED ENERGY ADMINIS

DISTRIBUTED ENERGY ADMINISTRATIVE PLAN AND REQUEST FOR RESET OF

15 RENEWABLE ENERGY ADJUSTOR

DOCKET NO. E-01345A-10-0262

DOCKET NO. E-01345A-10-0166

ARIZONA PUBLIC SERVICE COMPANY'S COMMENTS TO RECOMMENDED ORDER

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Arizona Public Service ("APS" or "Company") filed its 2011 Renewable Energy Standard Implementation Plan ("2011 Plan") for Arizona Corporation Commission ("Commission") approval on July 1, 2010, in compliance with the Renewable Energy Standard ("RES") Rules.¹ APS filed supplemental information on October 13, 2010 ("Supplemental Filing"). The Company is filing these Comments in response to the Recommended Order, which was filed in this docket on November 10, 2010.

APS is generally in agreement with the conclusions reached in the Recommended Order. However, there are key issues that involve the continued demand from residential customers for distributed energy ("DE") incentives where APS and Staff have offered different approaches. APS urges the Commission to approve the Company's approach to the

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¹ A.A.C. R14-2-1801 through 1816.

residential incentive step-down methodology and associated funding cycles, and to eliminate the incentive cap based on a percentage of project costs for both residential and nonresidential incentives.

Incentive Funding

While APS believes that both the Company and Staff have proposed reasonable approaches to "step-down" residential incentives, the Company continues to support the approach proposed in its 2011 Plan. APS's proposed incentive funding mechanism was carefully crafted to achieve several goals: to provide customers with assurance of the amount and timing of incentive funding available for individual projects; to respond to industry stakeholder concerns that incentive funding be available throughout a calendar year to ensure business continuity; and to address the Commission's directive to promote greater customer understanding and transparency regarding the incentive process. APS believes that its proposal meets these goals.

APS is concerned that Staff's Alternative Budget Trigger Mechanism (which ties the reduction of incentives to budget expenditures as measured against expected quarterly activity) may result in a lack of funding in the latter part of 2011. Additionally, it may potentially cause significant incentive reductions attributed to the timing of achieving the proposed incentive triggers. Staff's proposal appears to assume that 30 percent of the 2011 incentive funding may be committed by March 31, 2011. However, the Commission has already authorized the Company to commit its 2011 incentive funds in the 4th quarter of 2010 for a maximum of 600 customer reservations.² As of November 15, 2010, APS has already committed 35 percent of its proposed 2011 residential grid-tied PV incentive funding, with applications sufficient to account for an additional 22 percent. Said another way, \$9.1 million in customer demand for incentives in 2011 has already been met through commitments in 2010, and \$5.8 million in customer applications are already pending. Together this reflects

² Commission Decision No. 71913 (Sept. 28, 2010). A relative comparison, as noted in the Recommended Order, is that 75 percent of APS's 2010 residential incentive budget was allocated in the first quarter of 2010. *See* Recommended Order at 10.

53 percent of APS's proposed residential incentive budget (or 45 percent of Staff's proposed 2011 incentive budget).

While both Staff's and the Company's proposed incentive step-down mechanisms provide for a greater level of predictability, APS's proposal, which is based on the number of customer applications, provides an understandable mechanism for customers participating in the program. APS believes that under Staff's proposal, it will be more difficult for customers to plan for and understand incentive level changes. Furthermore, unlike APS's proposal, Staff's recommendation does not include funding cycles, which creates a real risk that residential incentive funding will be depleted before year end. For these reasons, APS urges the Commission to adopt its proposal for incentive step-downs as it provides transparency and clarity of communication for customers and installers, provides a predictable schedule for incentive reductions, and equitably spreads the residential incentive funding over the entire year.

Incentive Caps

Staff has recommended that the Commission continue to impose an incentive cap of 50 percent of total system cost for residential renewable DE systems. Likewise, Staff recommended that the Commission continue to impose an incentive cap on non-residential DE systems, but reduce the current 60 percent of total system cost cap to 50 percent, to match the residential incentive cap. Contrary to Staff's position, APS continues to urge the Commission to eliminate the incentive caps for both residential and non-residential systems up-front incentives ("UFI") that are based on a percentage of the total system costs.

APS recommended this change after discussions with industry stakeholders prior to the filing of the 2011 Plan; APS agrees with stakeholder comments that creating and maintaining transparency in this market is a key component of building a successful and sustainable industry. APS believes this should be achieved by using a single, transparent metric – the incentive – to signal market prices. Additionally, a cap can have the perverse effect of inflating project costs. By maintaining the incentive cap, the Company is sending an artificial signal to the market, thereby not incenting the market to communicate actual system costs.

1 2 continues to drive down the cost of incentives at a rapid pace, and the 60 percent cap is no 3 longer constructive in managing the contribution for customer projects. Specifically, to 4 ensure that incentives paid on a production basis are clearly comparable across projects and 5 that incentive economics are clearly demonstrated on a project-by-project basis, the cap on

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Residential Incentive Budgets

PBI contribution must be removed.

Regarding Staff's recommendation on the residential incentive budget, the Company does not believe there is a need to increase the residential incentive budget above that already proposed by APS. The Company's 2011 Plan provides for appropriate levels of capacity beyond RES compliance, and proposes a budget that exceeds the RES residential DE requirements.

The competitive nature of APS's current Production Based Incentive ("PBI") program

In the event the Commission decides to adopt Staff's recommendation to forego the implementation of the Powerful Communities Feed-In Tariff ("FIT"), the \$200,000 budgeted for the FIT program in 2011 should be reallocated to the residential incentive budget. Should the Commission adopt Staff's proposal to increase the budget for residential incentives, this same amount (\$200,000) should be preserved in the Schools and Government program, ultimately transferring \$300,000 from Schools and Government, rather than the \$500,000 proposed by Staff.³

Clarifying Language Requested

There are a few instances in the Recommended Order where additional language could add clarity for all interested parties, specifically related to the proposed Innovative Renewable Energy Project Initiatives, the funding set-aside for Rapid Reservation, and Staff's recommendation to reduce incentives for PBIs.

APS has proposed to procure renewable resources that are designed to demonstrate innovative deployment and innovative technologies, using funding that currently remains in

³ See Recommended Order at 16.

the budget from its Distributed Energy Request for Proposal.⁴ The Recommended Order is 2 silent regarding approval of this program, and therefore, APS urges the Commission to 3 include a specific ordering paragraph approving the Innovative Renewable Energy Project 4 Initiative. 5 Additionally, to facilitate a clear understanding of the Commission's final order, APS recommends that should the Commission adopt Staff's recommendations regarding a funding 6 set-aside for Rapid Reservations,⁵ or a reduction in PBIs,⁶ that specific ordering language 7 8 regarding those provisions be included in the decision. 9 APS appreciates Staff's thorough review of its 2011 Plan and Supplemental Filing and 10 is prepared to work with stakeholders to implement its 2011 programs upon Commission 11 approval. 12 RESPECTFULLY SUBMITTED this 18th day of November, 2010. 13 14 15 Attorney for Arizona Public Service Company 16 ORIGINAL and thirteen (13) copies 17 of the foregoing filed this 18th day of 18 November, 2010, with: 19 **Docket Control** 20 ARIZONA CORPORATION COMMISSION 1200 West Washington Street 21 Phoenix, Arizona 85007 22 23 24 25 26 27

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⁴ See Recommended Order at 19.

See Recommended Order at 12.

⁶ See Recommended Order at 13.

1	delivered this 18th day of November, 2010 to
2	denvered this roth day of November, 2010 to
2	Janice Alward Chief Legal Counsel
4	Arizona Corporation Commission 1200 West Washington Street
5	Phoenix, Arizona 85007
6	Steven M. Olea
7	Director, Utilities Division
8	Arizona Corporation Commission 1200 West Washington Street
9	Phoenix, Arizona 85007
10	Lyn Farmer
11	Administrative Law Judge Arizona Corporation Commission
	1200 West Washington Street
12	Phoenix, Arizona 85007
13	Court S. Rich
14	Rose Law Group pc
15	6613 N. Scottsdale Road, Suite 200
16	Scottsdale, Arizona 85250 Attorneys for SolarCity Corporation
17	Webb Crockett
	Fennemore Craig, P.C.
18	3003 North Central Avenue, Suite 2600
19	Phoenix, Arizona 85012
20	Attorneys for Freeport-McMoRan
21	Scott S. Wakefield
22	Ridenour, Hienton & Lewis, P.L.L.C. 201 North Central Avenue, Suite 3300
23	Phoenix, Arizona 85004-1052
	Attorneys for The Solar Alliance
24	
25	Kim Cosme
26	
27	

28